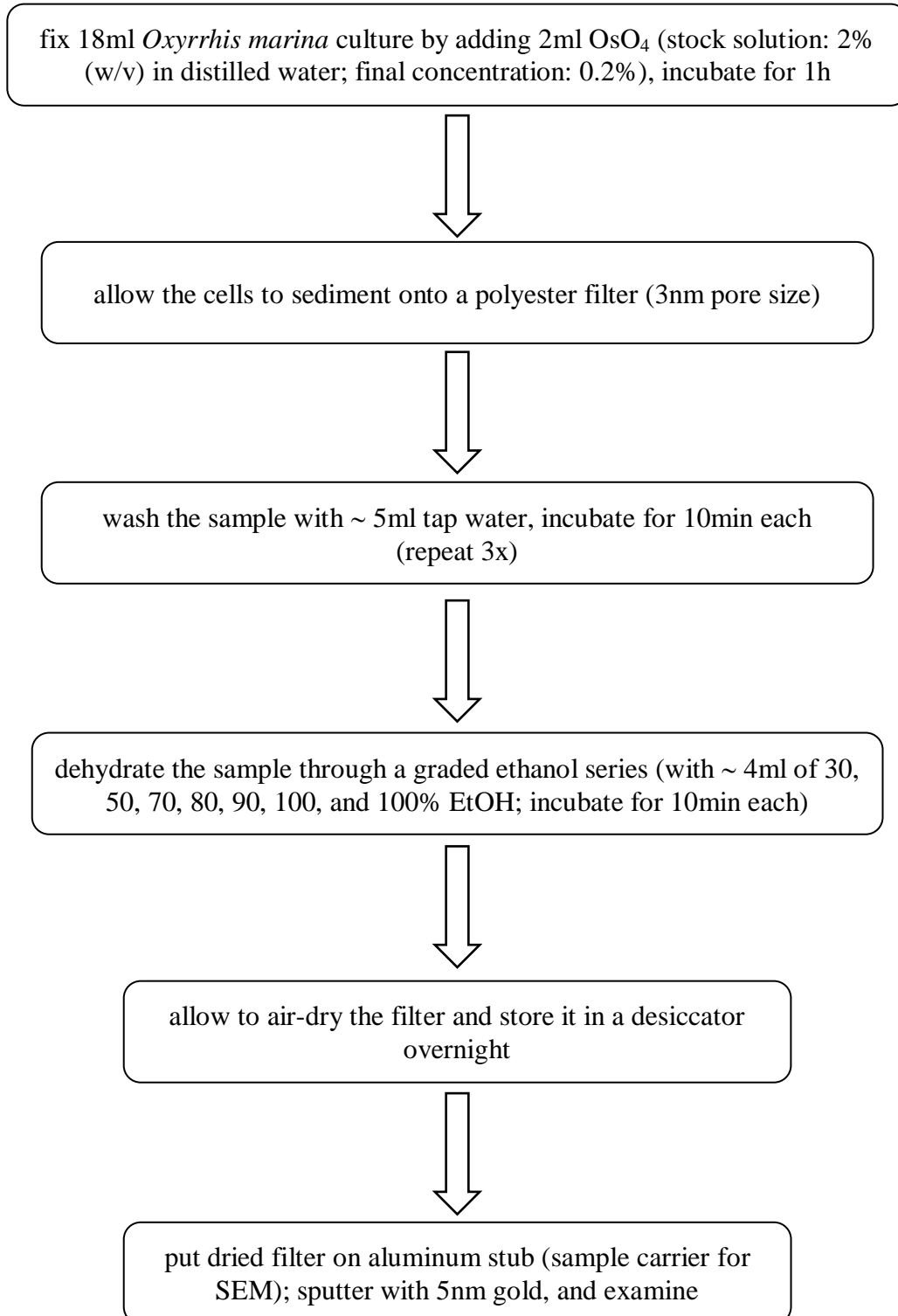
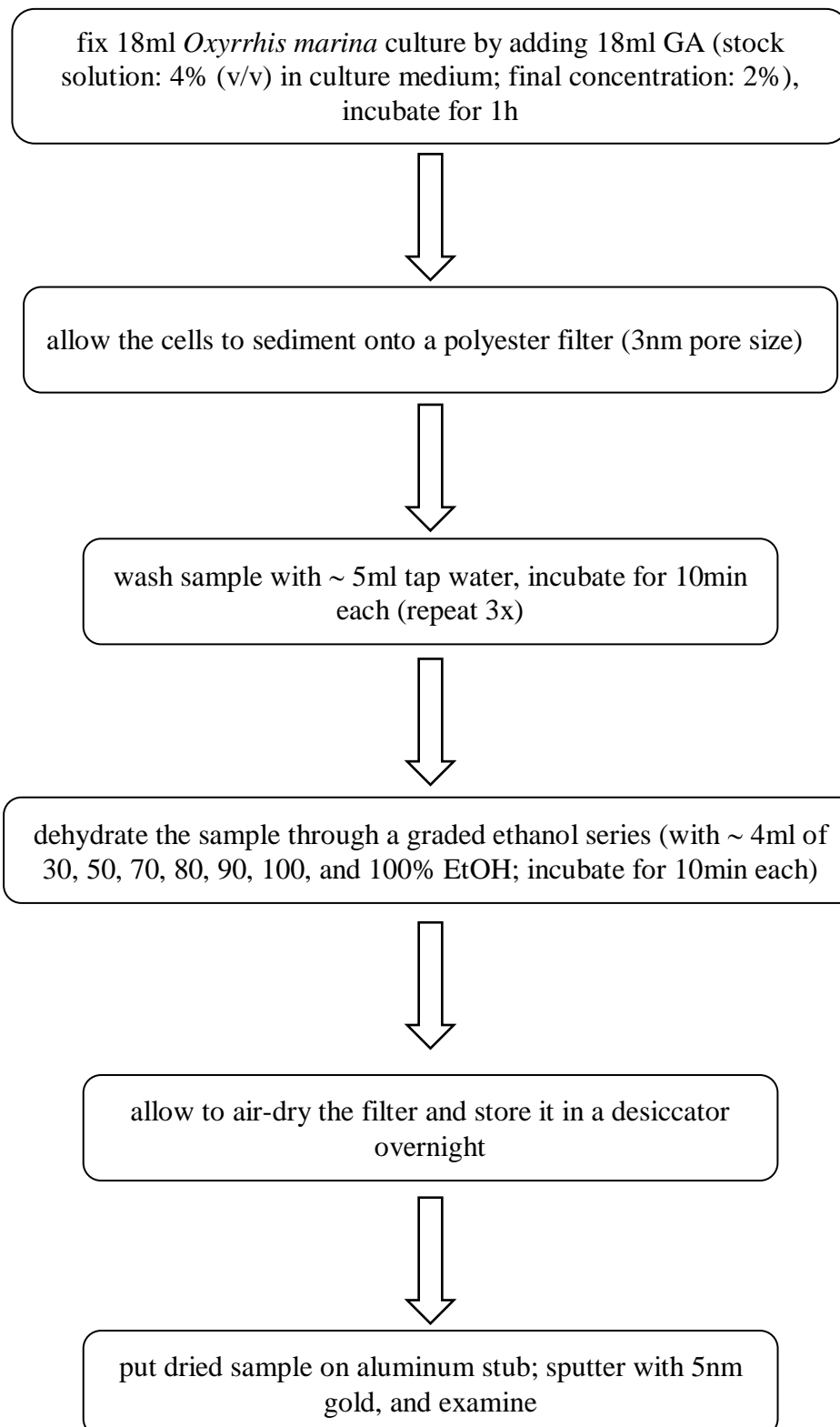


Preparation protocols for Scanning Electron Microscopy of *Oxyrrhis marina*

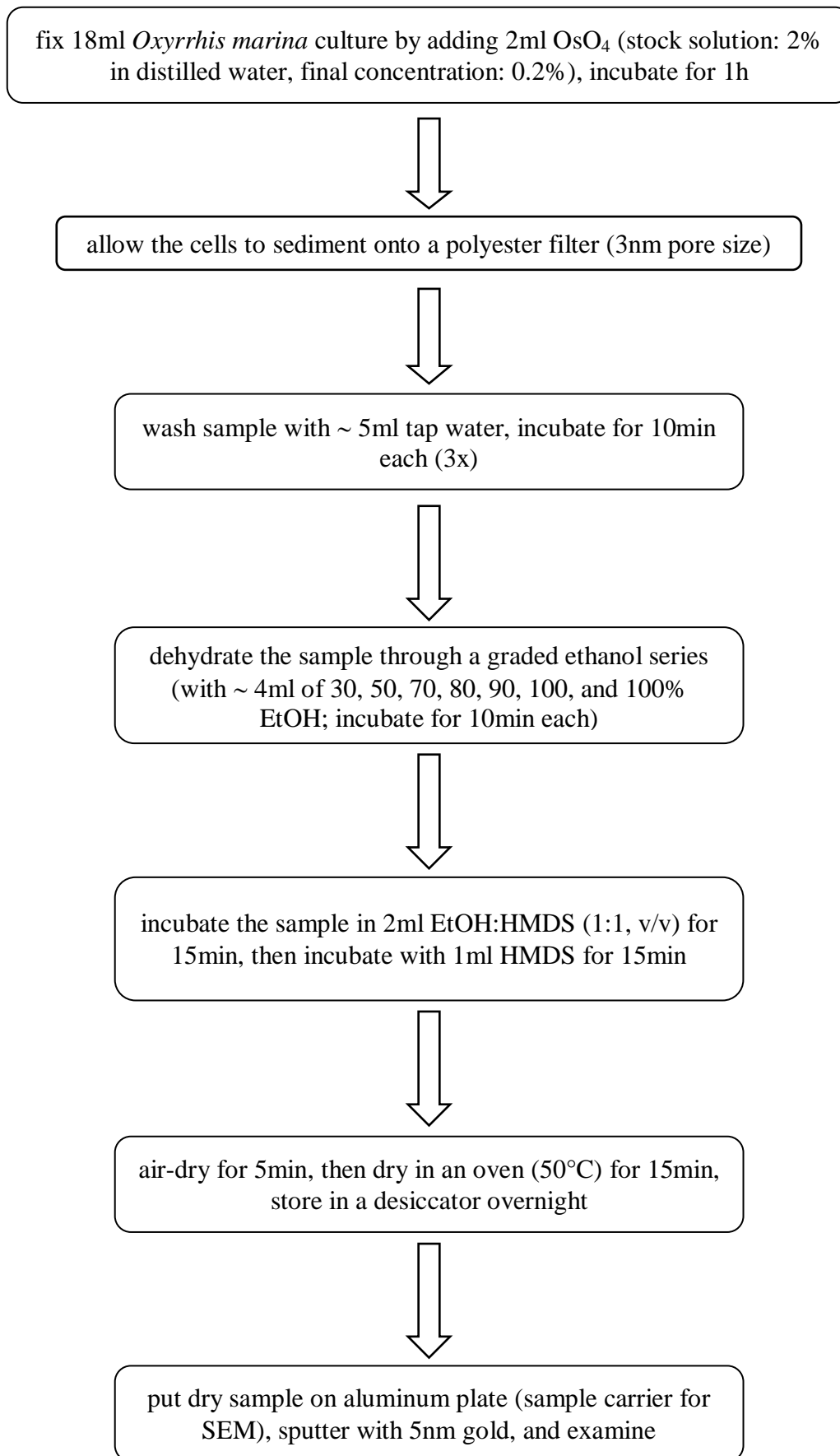
I. Fixation with OsO₄, followed by air drying



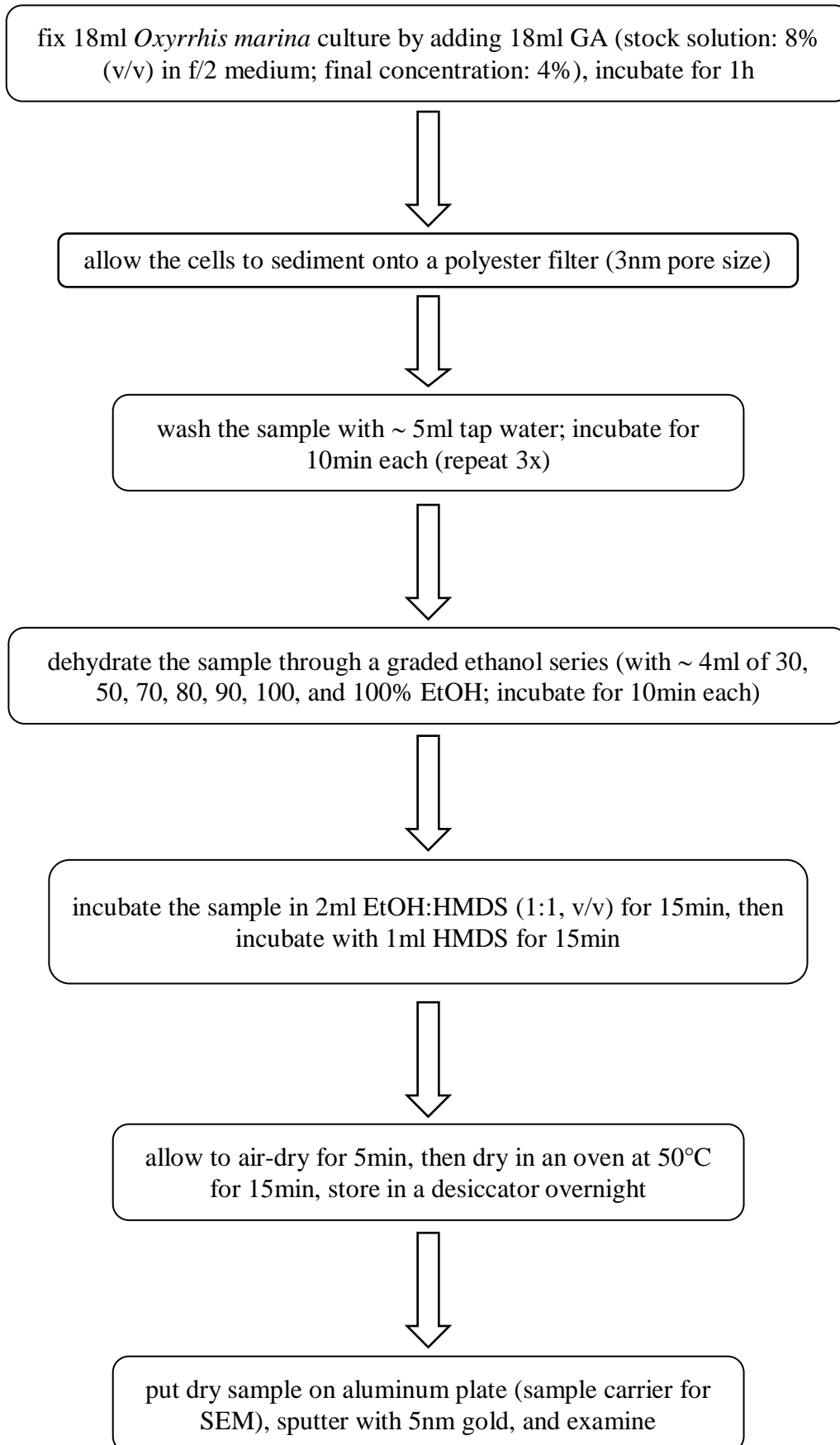
II. Fixation with GA, followed by air drying



III. Fixation with OsO₄, followed by drying with HMDS

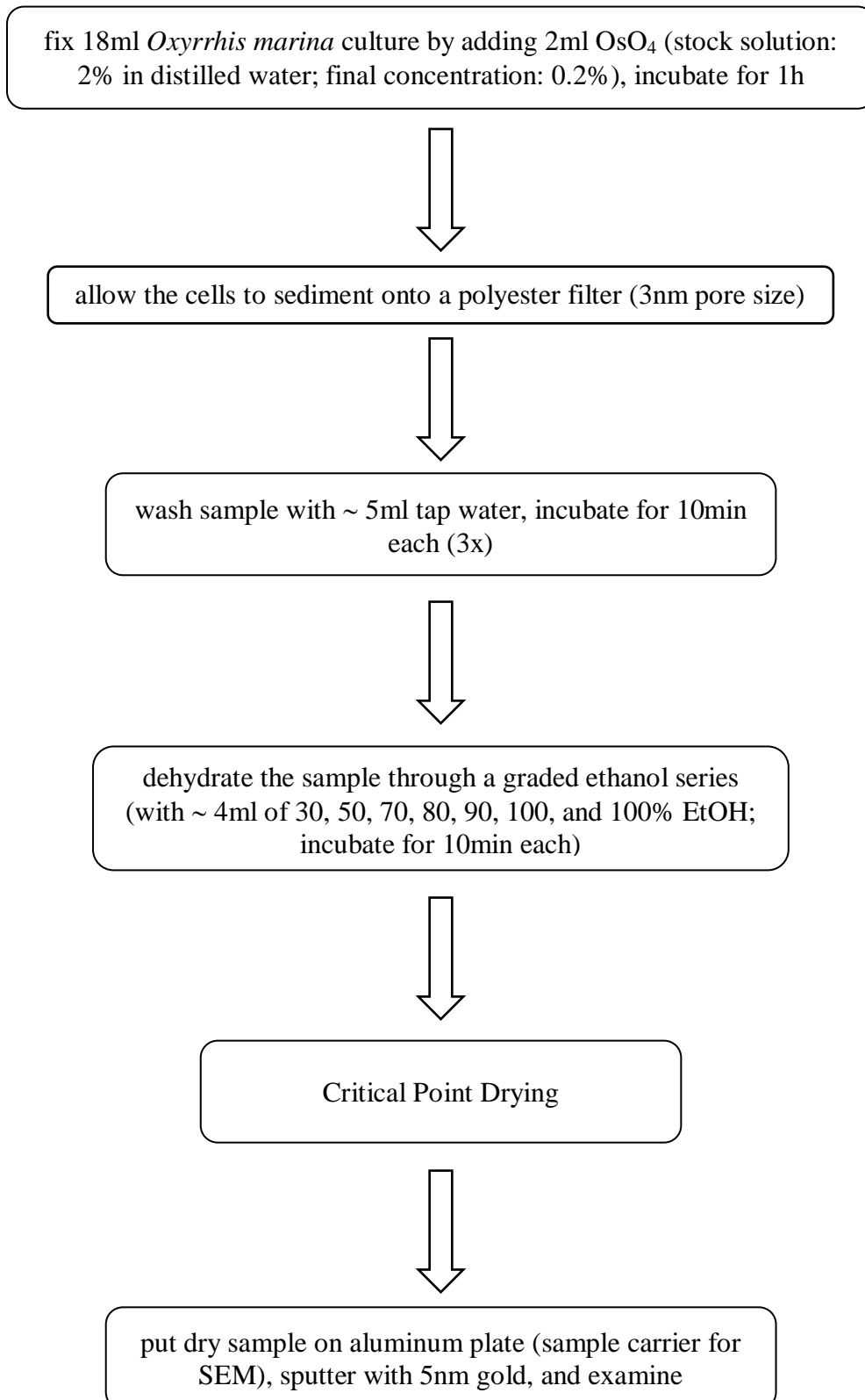


IV. Fixation with GA, followed by drying with HMDS

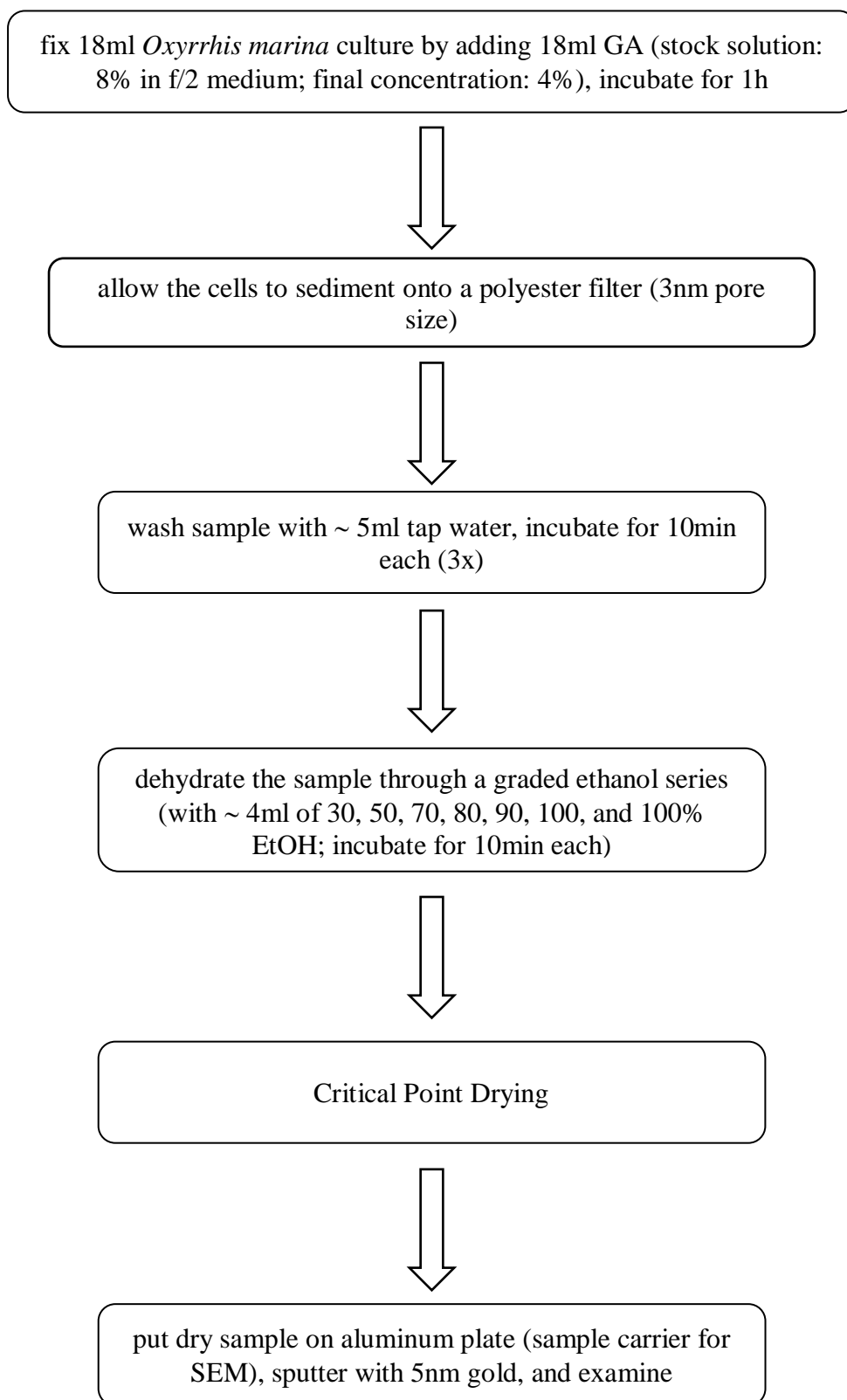


Note: The incubation of HMDS was also varied and shortened to 3min and 9min.

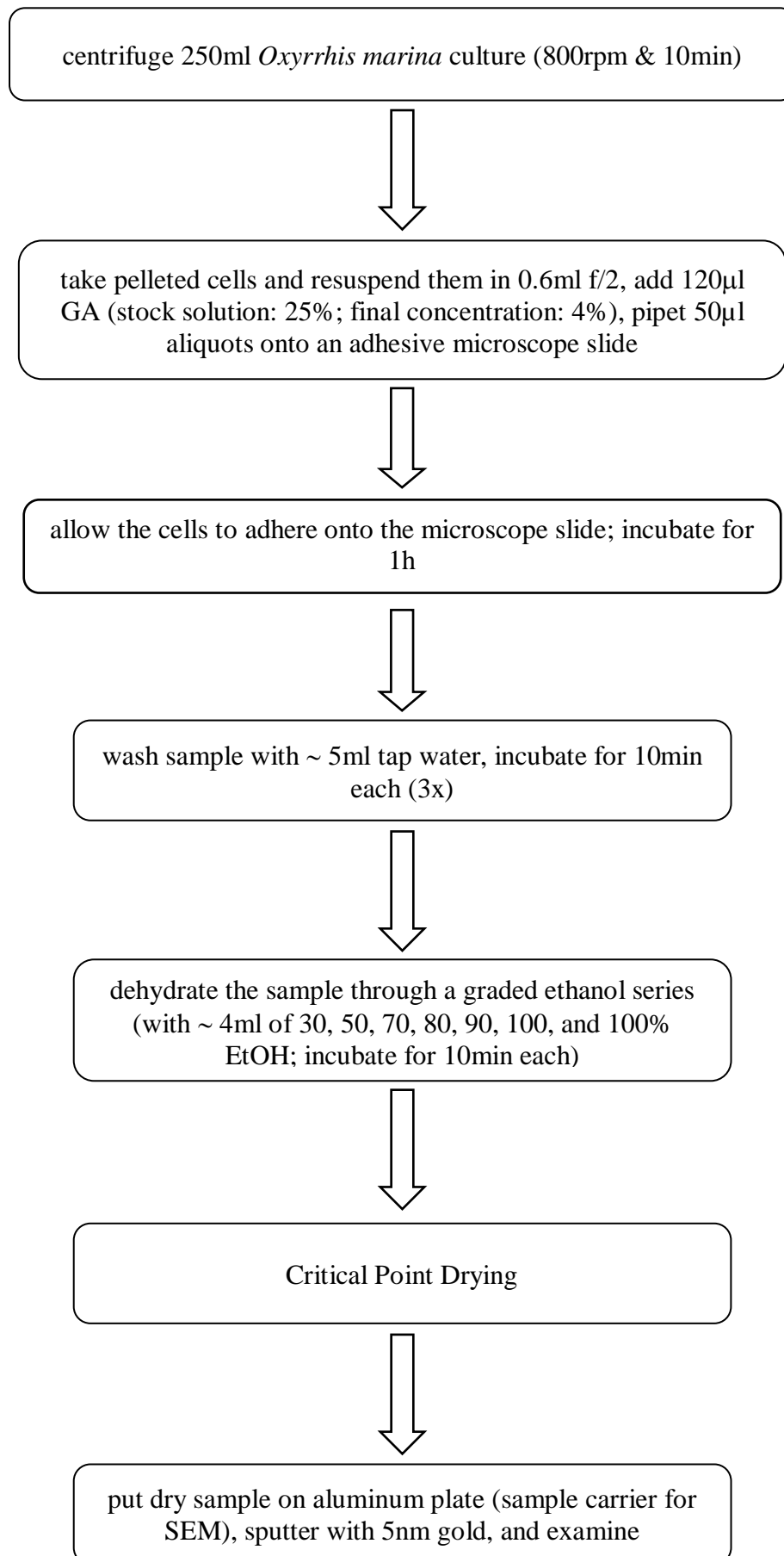
V. Fixation with OsO₄, followed by Critical Point Drying (CPD)



VI. Fixation with GA, followed by Critical Point Drying (CPD)

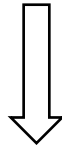


VII. Fixation with GA on adhesive microscope slides, followed by Critical Point Drying (CPD)

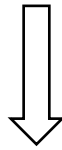


VIII. Fixation with OsO₄ and HgCl₂ (Mercury (II) chloride), followed by Critical Point Drying (CPD)

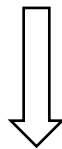
fix 18ml *Oxyrrhis marina* culture by adding 2ml OsO₄ (stock solution: 2% in distilled water; final concentration: 0.2%) and 400µl HgCl₂ (saturated solution), incubate for 1h



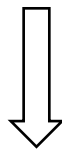
allow the cells to sediment onto a polyester filter (3nm pore size)



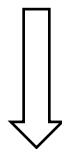
wash sample with ~ 5ml tap water, incubate for 10min each (3x)



dehydrate the sample through a graded ethanol series (with ~ 4ml of 30, 50, 70, 80, 90, 100, and 100% EtOH; incubate for 10min each)

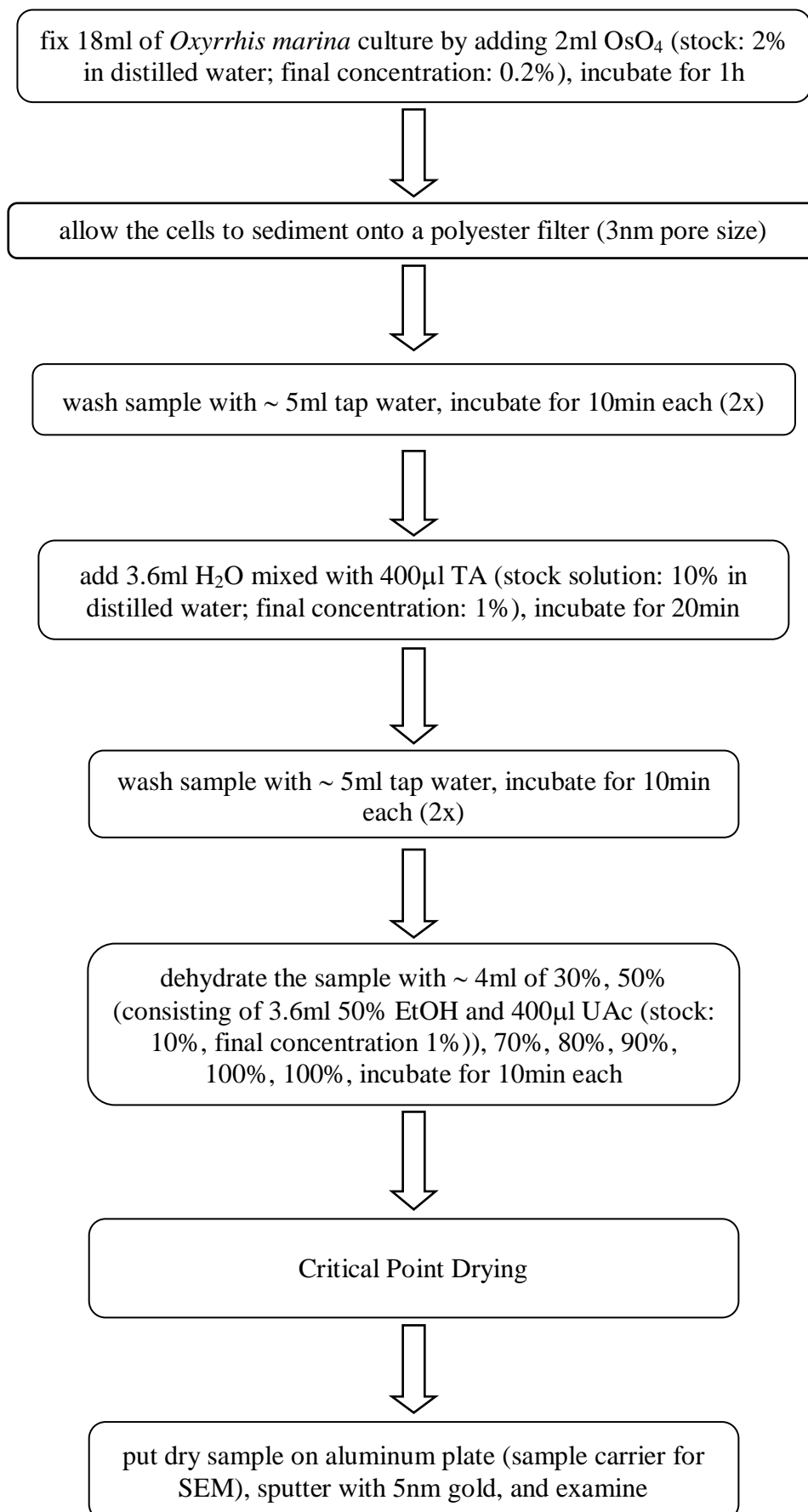


Critical Point Drying

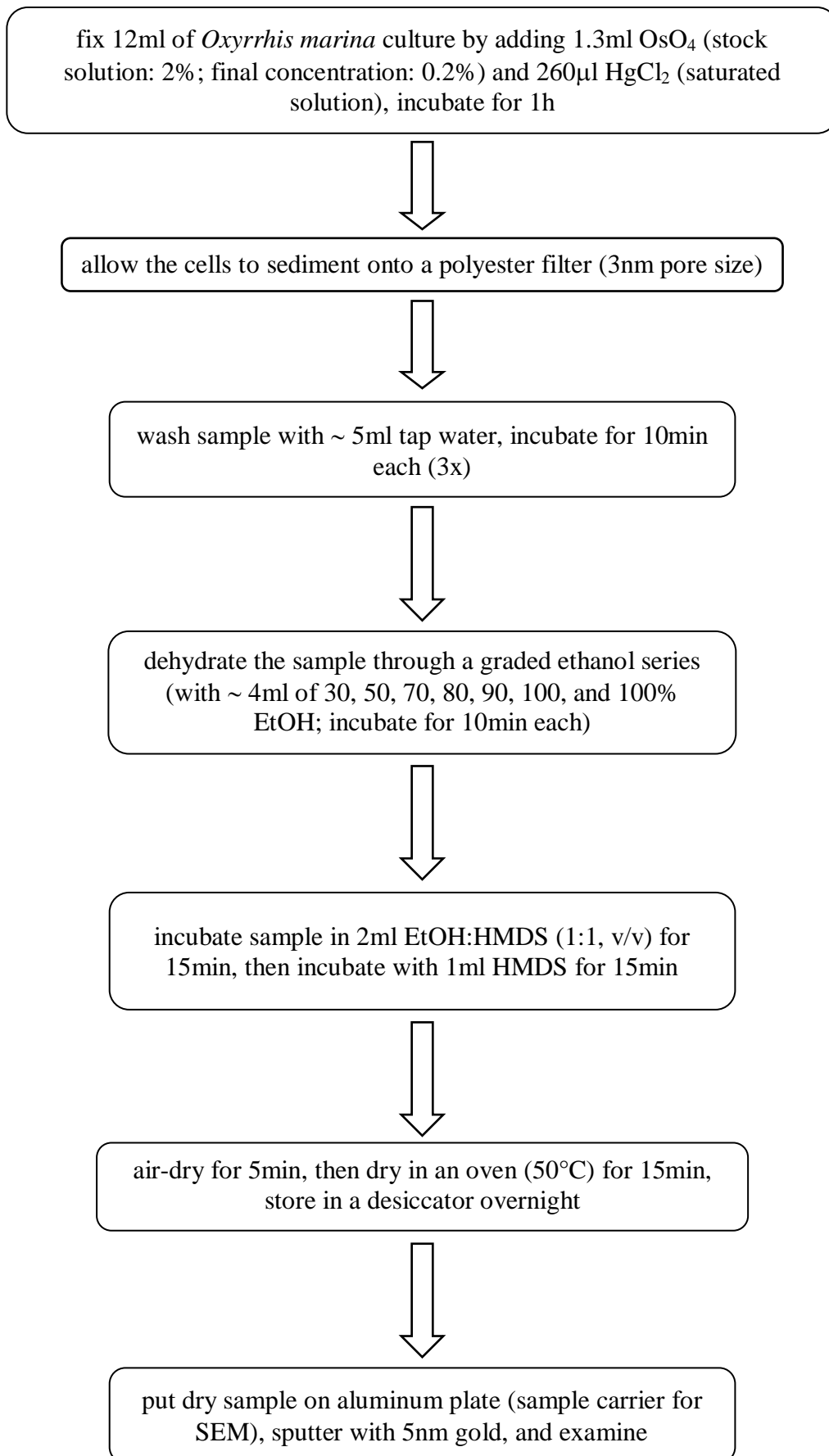


put dry sample on aluminum plate (sample carrier for SEM), sputter with 5nm gold, and examine

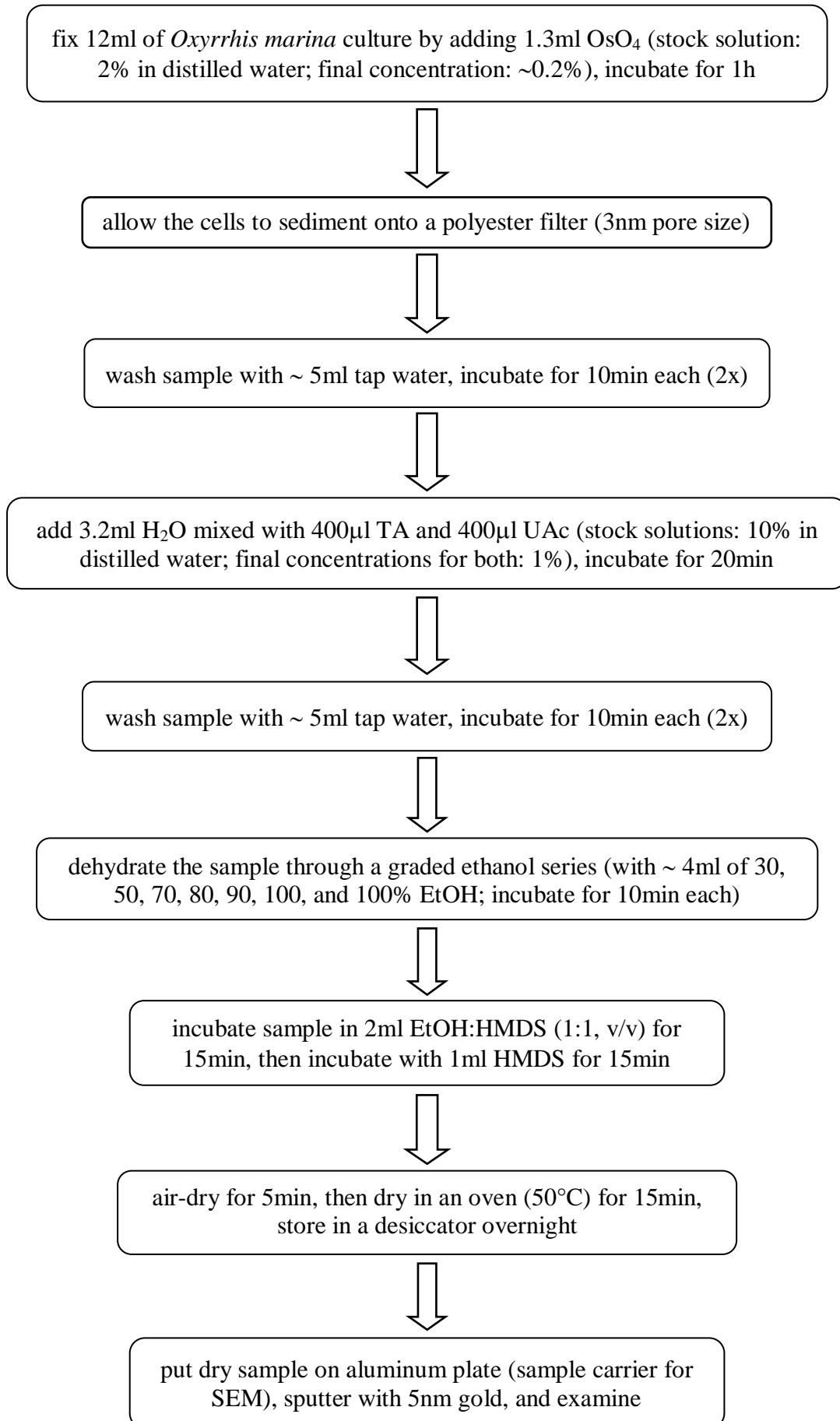
IX. Fixation with OsO₄, Tannic acid (TA), and Uranyl acetate (UAc), followed by Critical Point Drying (CPD)



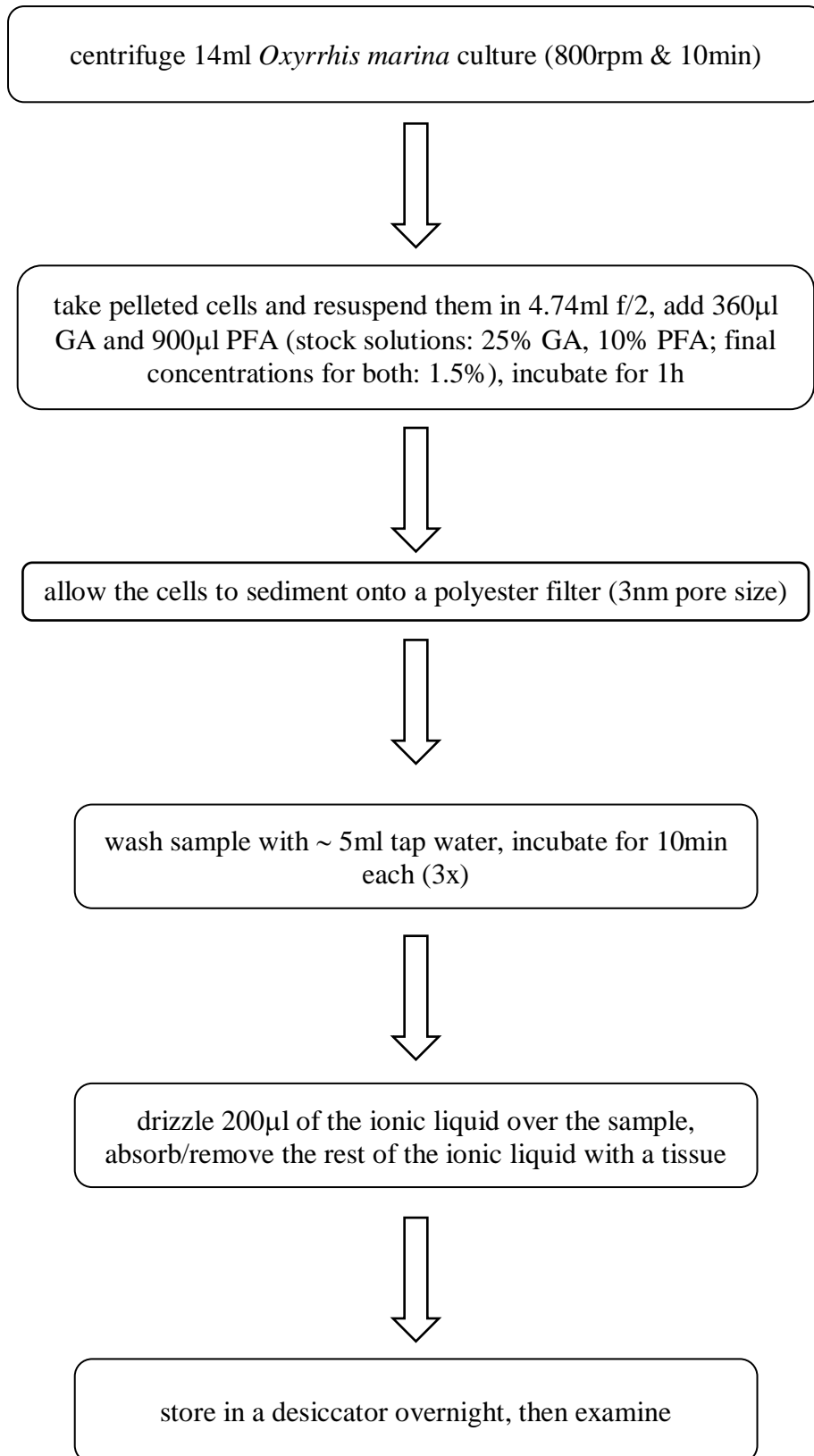
X. Fixation with OsO₄ and HgCl₂, followed by HMDS drying



XI. Fixation with OsO₄, TA, and UAc, followed by HMDS drying



XII. Fixation with GA and PFA (Paraformaldehyde), drying with the ionic liquid 1-Ethyl-3-methyl-imidazolium-bis-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)-imidat



XIII. Fixation with OsO₄, followed by cryo-fixation and freeze-drying

